

# N. A. A. C. P.

## ProQuest

# ONE

## BLACK STUDIES

Bringing together essential newspaper and archival content for research and teaching on a wide range of topics in Black Studies.

**Developed in collaboration** with faculty, scholars, and librarians, ProQuest One Black Studies brings together ProQuest's award-winning Black Studies multi-format content into one destination to facilitate research, teaching, and learning. This database combines primary and secondary sources, including leading Black Historical Newspapers, archival documents and collections, key government materials, videos, writings by major Black intellectuals and leaders, scholarly journals, and essays by top scholars in Black Studies. Alongside the outstanding content in ProQuest One Black Studies, the database includes user-friendly features such as timelines, topic pages, and collection pages for easy navigation and discovery.



### Authoritative Content

Provides access to a wealth of award-winning primary source collections including NAACP Papers, SNCC Papers, records of slavery, and exclusive Black historical newspapers.

The extensive archival content is complemented by multimedia content, offering comprehensive insights into Black history and culture.



### Purpose-Built Interface

The ProQuest One Black Studies platform features a discipline focused interface designed for in-depth exploration and research of Black Studies.

#### Key features include:

- Timelines to illustrate historical and thematic progressions.
- Curated topic pages for focused exploration.
- Archival presentation that replicates traditional archival box and folder organization.



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# Authoritative multi-format content

## Core Components

**Award-winning** primary source archival content, along with The Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience and the Black Literature Index provide core content.



## Exclusive Content

**13 Black historical newspapers**, as well archival content including **the NAACP Papers** and the **records of key civil rights organizations** of the 1950s and 1960s.



## Periodicals & Magazines

**50 magazines** and historical periodical titles offer valuable insight into perspectives on Black life, activism, and social movements.



# ProQuest ONE BLACK STUDIES

## Multimedia Content

**850 video titles** provide rich context and connections to key events, organizations, and individuals and allow users to pair video with archival content.



## Scholarly Journals

**300+ scholarly journals** cover a wide range of academic disciplines related to Black studies, such as history, sociology, literature, and political science.



## Reference Publications

**Over 200 books** span critical topics, providing in-depth coverage of key events, figures, and themes in Black history and culture.



## CONTENT AND COLLECTIONS

### Black Studies Center

ProQuest One Black Studies is built on the foundation of the Black Studies Center and includes its key components: The Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience, Black Studies Periodicals and the Black Literature Index.

- **The Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience** – This is an essential resource created by collaboration between the Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture and ProQuest. Major topics on the African diaspora experience throughout the Americas are examined with a set of 32 in-depth, scholarly essays accompanied by timelines and selected bibliographies with links to full-text articles, and images.
- **Black Studies Periodicals** – Includes the full text of over 150 journals and magazines from the United States, African nations, and the Caribbean. Coverage is international in scope and multidisciplinary, spanning cultural, economic, historical, religious, social, and political issues of vital importance to the Black Studies discipline.
- **Black Literature Index** – A seminal collection originally released on microfilm, this index allows users to search over 70,000 bibliographic citations for fiction, poetry and literary reviews published in 110 Black periodicals and newspapers between 1827–1940.

### Historical Black Newspapers

Historical Black Newspapers are an essential primary source collection and a centerpiece of ProQuest One Black Studies. These newspapers provide researchers with unprecedented access to perspectives and information of people, organizations, and events as they occurred.

The thirteen newspapers included in ProQuest One Black Studies are among the most distinguished Black Historical Newspapers in the U.S. The newspapers are:

- *Atlanta Daily World* (1931-2010)
- *The Baltimore Afro-American* (1893-2010)
- *Chicago Defender* (1910-2010)
- *Cleveland Call and Post* (1934-2010)
- *Kansas City Call* (1922-1933)
- *Los Angeles Sentinel* (1934-2010)
- *Louisville Defender* (1951-2010)
- *Michigan Chronicle* (1936-2010)
- *Muhammad Speaks* (1961-1975)
- *New York Amsterdam News* (1922-2010)
- *The Norfolk Journal and Guide* (1916-2010)
- *The Philadelphia Tribune* (1912-2010)
- *Pittsburgh Courier* (1911-2010)

## Archival Collections

Archival collections offer digital access to unique historical documents. Each of the 120 archival collections available within ProQuest One Black Studies is presented in its original order to retain the organization of the collection and closely mimic the archival research experience.

Highlights of the collections:

- **20th Century Black Freedom Movement** – Collections offer the opportunity to study the most well-known and unheralded events of the Black Freedom Struggle in the 20th Century from the perspectives of those who waged one of the most inspiring social movements in American history. Collections include:

- **Organization Records** – Features NAACP Papers which have been called the most important collection for research on the Black Freedom Movement in the 20th Century. Archival documents also include records from Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), African American Police League, Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, National Association of Colored Women's Clubs, American Committee on Africa, Revolutionary Action Movement, and League of Revolutionary Black Workers.

- **Personal Papers** – Includes the papers of key figures such as Robert F. Williams, Mary McLeod Bethune, Arthur Mitchell, A. Philip Randolph, and Bayard Rustin.

- **Federal Government Records** – Features Peonage Files of the Department of Justice, Centers of the Southern Struggle FBI Files, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights documents plus other government records.

- **18th and 19th Century Collections** – Collections contain documents relating to slavery, abolitionist movements and the Reconstruction Era. Archival collections include Black Abolitionist Papers, Records of Antebellum Southern Plantations, Slave Trade Records, Reconstruction Military Government Records, and Freedman's Savings Bank Records.

## Secondary Sources

ProQuest One Black Studies features secondary sources that complement the historical newspaper and archival content by adding background and context for a fuller research experience.

**Publications** – Digitized publications include content from over 300 scholarly journals, 50 magazines and historic periodicals, and 200 books related to Black history and culture. Featured periodical titles include *African Repository and Colonial Journal* (1825–1849), *African Studies Quarterly*, *Afro-Hispanic Review*, *Black Enterprise*, *Du Bois Review*, *Journal of African History*, *The Journal of Caribbean History*, *The Journal of Hip Hop Studies*, and *Race, Gender, and Class*. Other publications in ProQuest One Black Studies include writings by Martin Delany, Booker T. Washington, Carter G. Woodson, James Weldon Johnson, Amiri Baraka, Kathleen Cleaver, Larry Neal, Bayard Rustin, James Baldwin, and others.

**Video & Images** – Over 850 video titles bring context and connections to the events, organizations and people featured throughout the database. Video content can be paired with archival collections such as *The SNCC Legacy Video Series* with the SNCC Papers, *Negroes with Guns: Rob Williams* and *Black Power* with the Robert F. Williams Papers, and *Black Panther 101* and related titles with Black Panther FBI files.



Front pages of the New York Amsterdam News, Feb 1, 1964 and Chicago Daily Defender, July 11, 1966.



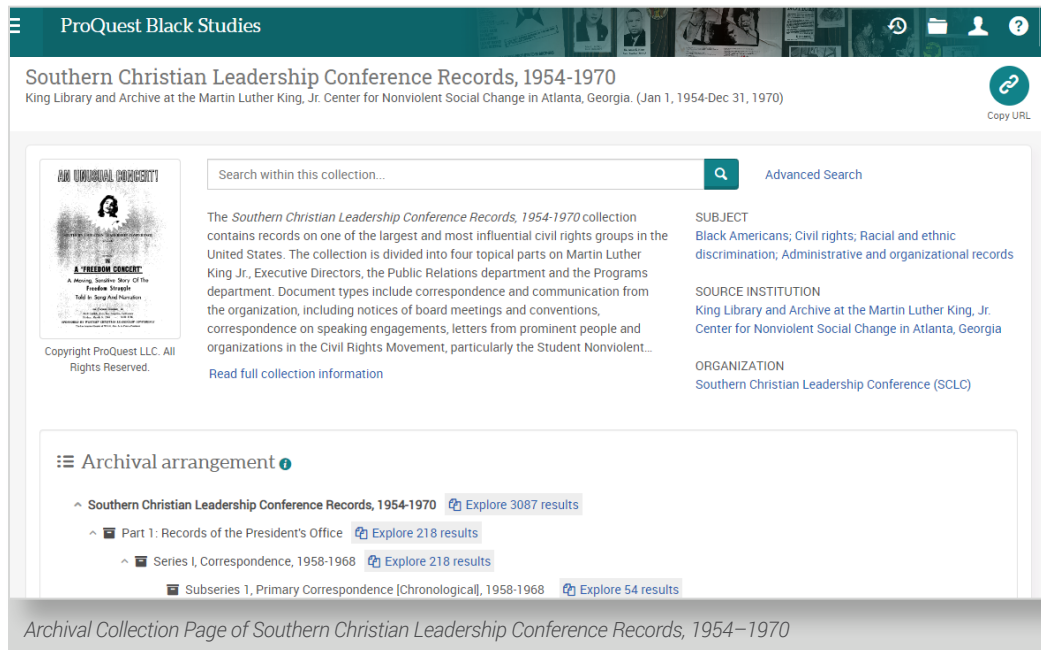


## EASY TO USE FUNCTIONALITY MAKES DISCOVERING CONTENT EASIER

ProQuest One Black Studies is available on the award-winning ProQuest Platform designed with features and functionality to help make discovering content easier for students. It is bolstered by ProQuest Research Assistant which gives document insights and refines search queries. Features include:

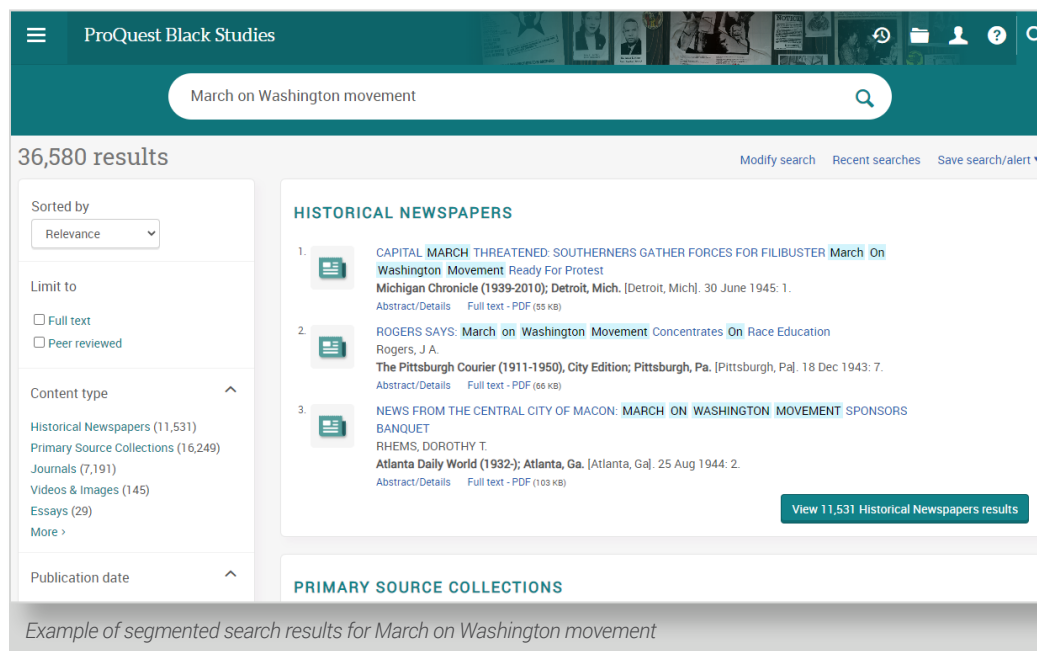
### Archival Collection Pages

Each archival collection page includes a description and key bibliographic data about the collection. Each page also displays the archival arrangement of the collection, allowing researchers to understand the organization of the collection and page through the collections in the same order that they would if they were visiting the physical archive. This feature allows professors and librarians to introduce students to important aspects of archival research, in an online environment.



### Segmented Search Results

ProQuest One Black Studies has segmented search results by content type, allowing users of the database to easily distinguish between archival materials, newspapers, periodicals, and other sources. Researchers can also use multi-faceted results filtering, browse lists of content, download PDFs faster, and use enhanced post-processing tasks, such as citing, saving, and sharing materials into workflow tools.



*"These are the sources I would come back to again and again, and where I would send my students, to find what's not available anywhere else: the primary source collections and the newspapers."*

– Hasan Kwame Jeffries  
Assistant Professor of History,  
The Ohio State University

# CURATED PAGES OFFER FRAMEWORK FOR DEEP RESEARCH

ProQuest One Black Studies is designed with curated topic pages and timelines that help students understand key people, organizations, and events in historical context. Each page offers a framework for research assignments and easily connects to related topics.


## Topic Pages – Featured People and Organizations

Topic pages on over 120 featured people and 19 featured organizations include an image, background information, relevant primary source and secondary documents and links to related people, events, and organizations. A common assignment in introductory classes is to have students write papers focusing on an important person or event in African American History. Topic pages help students decide on potential paper topics and guide them to useful sources for their research. As ProQuest One Black Studies continues to grow, additional topic pages will be added.

ProQuest Black Studies

### Chisholm, Shirley (1924-2005)

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Also known as: Shirley Anita St. Hill, Fighting Shirley Chisholm

Birth: 1924  
Death: 2005  
Geographic region: United States  
Era: African American Civil Rights Movement, Vietnam War

Event: Presidential Election of 1972

Related organization: American Civil Rights Movement, National Congress of Black Women, National Women's Political Caucus

"I want to be remembered as a catalyst for change in America." Shirley Chisholm, interview by Camille O. Cosby, National Visionary Leadership Project, May 7, 2002.

Shirley Chisholm was an American politician, educator, and author who became widely known as a trailblazer, an agent for change, and an advocate for Black and women's voices. In 1968 she became the first Black woman elected to the United States Congress, where she served until 1983. She also broke ground as the first Black presidential candidate to run for a major political party's nomination in the 1972 election. In her time in office, Chisholm was a champion for women and the poor, and fought for the Equal Rights Amendment, publicly funded daycare, parental leave, and women's reproductive freedom. Hunger...

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#### NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

1. A Salute To First Lady, Shirley Chisholm: A Day In The Life Of Shirley Chisholm  
Slack, Sara  
New York Amsterdam News (1962); New York, N.Y. [New York, N.Y.], 10 Oct 1970: 27  
Rep. Shirley Chisholm Considering Divorce: All Not Peace And Love Congresswoman Admits Divorce Is Contemplated  
New Journal and Guide (1916); Norfolk, Va. [Norfolk, Va.], 10 July 1976: 1
2. Shirley Chisholm Presidential Accountability Commission Launches  
Muhammad, Nissa Islam  
Final Call; Chicago [Chicago], 06 July 2010: 7, 33
3. YES, WE ALL TALK: Shirley Chisholm  
Marcus  
New Journal and Guide (1916); Norfolk, Va. [Norfolk, Va.], 14 Oct

#### FEATURED PRIMARY SOURCES


1. Shirley Chisholm, Justice Department data on U.S. racial violence, employment discrimination, and other correspondence of Louis E. Martin Jr., 1970-1981  
Civil Rights During the Carter Administration, in Part 1: Papers of the Special Assistant for Black Affairs, Section A. (Jan 1, 1979-Dec 31, 1981)
2. Correspondence of Louis E. Martin Jr., including opinions on Jesse Jackson, Coretta Scott King and Shirley Chisholm, and administration policy on Angola conflict, 1979-1980  
Civil Rights During the Carter Administration, in Part 1: Papers of the Special Assistant for Black Affairs, Section A. (Jan 1, 1979-Dec 31, 1980)
3. FBI surveillance of SCLC via surveillance of home telephone of Stanley Levison, former advisor to Martin Luther King Jr.  
Martin Luther King Jr. FBI File. In Sub-File 6: Surveillance of Telephones in Stanley Levison's Residence, November 29, 1962:

Featured People Topic Page on Shirley Chisholm

ProQuest Black Studies

### Black Lives Matter (BLM)

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Geographic region: United States  
Era: Contemporary Era  
Event: #SayNoToRacism; 2016 Presidential Election; George Zimmerman Trial; Murder of George Floyd; State of Minnesota v. Chauvin; Patricia Khan-Cullors; Alicia Garza; Opal Tometti 2013

Black Lives Matter (BLM) is the cornerstone of the modern struggle for civil rights. BLM is an international social movement dedicated to anti-racism, the eradication of white supremacy, and affirming the lives, experiences, humanity, and joys of black people. The movement began as a hashtag on Twitter in 2013 in response to the acquittal of George Zimmerman, who was on trial for the murder of Trayvon Martin. Zimmerman's acquittal was a gross miscarriage of justice, and part of a trend of rampant police brutality directed towards Black Americans – a trend that includes the murders of Eric Garner, Michael Brown,...

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#### NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

1. Black Lives Matter Is Democracy in Action: 'Strong people don't need strong leaders.'  
Randy, Barbara  
New York Times (1923); New York, N.Y. [New York, N.Y.], 22 Oct 2017: SR6.
2. Becoming Patrisse: A co-founder of Black Lives Matter on being a black woman in America  
GYARKYE LOVIA  
New York Times (1923); New York, N.Y. [New York, N.Y.], 25 Feb 2018: A13.
3. Forerunners: The roots of Black Lives Matter in the Black Power movement and the Black Panthers  
Brown, Rembert  
New York Times (1923); New York, N.Y. [New York, N.Y.], 27 Nov 2016: A10.
4. Court Order May Not Be Over For Black Lives Matter Activists  
Muhammad, Charlene  
Final Call; Chicago [Chicago], 26 Apr 2016: 8.
5. Activists Vow Not to Cover After Five Are Shot: Three Arrests Follow Gunfire at Black Lives Matter Demonstration in Minneapolis  
Eligon, John; Southall, Ashley  
New York Times (1923); New York, N.Y. [New York, N.Y.], 25 Nov

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Featured Organization Topic Page on Black Lives Matter


## Timelines

Curated timelines on significant themes in Black History are a way for students to discover key events and easily find related documents. The timeline is organized into chronological eras such as Colonial America and Atlantic Slave Trade (1607–1775), Jim Crow Era to World War I (1878–1918), and the Contemporary Era (1976–2000s).

ProQuest Black Studies

### Harlem Renaissance and the Jazz Age (1918-1945)

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With Jim Crow laws, racial discrimination, and racial violence reaching new heights prior to World War I, many Black Americans looked north for refuge from the Jim Crow South. Harlem soon found itself the epicenter of Black social thought and culture in the U.S. The Harlem Renaissance was a creative outpouring of art, music, and literature in the 1920s and 1930s. Jazz music and the writings of authors such as Langston Hughes began to break into the American mainstream, leaving a lasting impact on Black and American culture.

Browse all timelines

#### 1919

**United States: Key Art Exhibitions opens**  
Key Art Exhibitions, an exhibition of the Tanner Art Students Society, opens at Dunbar High School in Washington, DC.

View related materials

#### Feb.

**France: First Pan-African Congress held**  
The First Pan-African Congress, led by W. E. B. Du Bois (1868–1963), meets in Paris, France, from February 19 to 21. The delegates include representatives from the West Indies, Africa, and America, all desiring the benefits of democracy to be more secure for Black people around the world.

Timeline on Harlem Renaissance and the Jazz Age (1918–1945)

## BRINGING IT ALL TOGETHER: RESEARCH PATHWAYS

A common assignment in history classes is to ask students to write a biographical paper or a paper focused on an important historical event. The topic pages and the timeline in ProQuest One Black Studies allows students to examine newspaper articles, archival collections, and journal articles focused on individual people and events, giving them the raw materials they would need to complete a wide range of assignments, from short reaction papers to longer research projects.

### W. E. B. Du Bois Topic Page

For a biographical paper, a topic page is an ideal place to start. An example of several of the results that are available from the topic page on W. E. B. Du Bois:

**Historical Newspapers:** "By Dr. W. E. B. DU BOIS: Muddle." *The New York Amsterdam News*, Nov 25, 1931

**Primary Source Collections:** W. E. B. Du Bois relations with NAACP, *NAACP Papers: Special Subjects, 1940–1955*, in C-E. (Jan 1, 1948–Dec 31, 1948)

**Journals:** "The Remarkable Life of W.E.B. Du Bois; W. E. B. Du Bois: The Fight for Equality and the American Century, 1919–1963." *The Journal of Blacks in Higher Education*, Iss. 30, Winter 2000/2001

**Video & Images:** "Ten Great Black Historical Figures." *Say Brother*, WGBH Boston, Oct. 5, 1972

**Essays:** "African American Labor History: A Survey of the Scholarship from Jim Crow to the New Millennium." *Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience*, 2005

**Topic Pages:** W. E. B. DuBois; Niagara Movement

**Magazines and Historical Periodicals:** "Remembering W. E. B. Du Bois ... the father of modern Pan-Africanism." *New African*, Iss. 534, Dec 2013.

**Timelines:** Jim Crow Era to World War I (1878–1918); Harlem Renaissance and the Jazz Age (1918–1945)

The screenshot shows the ProQuest Black Studies interface for the W. E. B. Du Bois (1868-1963) topic page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the ProQuest logo and search icons. Below the title, a biographical summary is provided, including birth and death dates, geographic region, era, and event. A quote from Du Bois is also featured. The page is divided into two main sections: 'NEWSPAPER ARTICLES' and 'FEATURED PRIMARY SOURCES'. The 'NEWSPAPER ARTICLES' section lists three articles, including 'By Dr. W. E. B. DU BOIS: Muddle' from *The New York Amsterdam News* (1922-1938) and 'SOCIETY SLANTS: W. E. B. Du Bois and "Black Reconstruction"' from *Atlanta Daily World* (1932). The 'FEATURED PRIMARY SOURCES' section lists three sources, including 'W. E. B. Du Bois, Floyd McKissick correspondence files' and 'NAACP Papers, Part 03: The Campaign for Educational Equality, in Schools'.

### Non-Violent Protests

Students may search on a topic or concept they are learning about in a class. An example of results for a search on non-violent protests:

**Historical Newspapers:** "Dr. King Was a Symbol of Non-Violent Protest Marches." *Louisville Defender*, April 11, 1968

**Primary Source Collections:** "Printed materials during the 1957 Prayer Pilgrimage non-violent demonstration, 1957." *A. Philip Randolph Papers*

**Journals:** "Casting a Black Gandhi: Martin Luther King Jr., American Pacifists and the Global Dynamics of Race." *Journal of American Studies*, Feb. 2021

**Video & Images:** "Brother Outsider: The Life of Bayard Rustin," *California Newsreel*, Jan. 1, 2002

**Essays:** "Social Movements: A Survey of Selected Writings." *Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience*, 2005

**Topic Pages:** James L. Farmer; Philip A. Randolph; Martin Luther King Jr.; Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC)

**Magazines and Historical Periodicals:** "History: James M. Lawson, Jr., and the 1968 Memphis Sanitation Workers' Strike," *The A.M.E. Church Review*, July–September 2002

**Timelines:** Harlem Renaissance and the Jazz Age (1918–1945); Civil Rights and Black Power Movements (1946–1975)

## Voting Rights Act of 1965 – Timeline Entry

Professors sometimes asks students to find primary sources or write a paper on an event or several events.

**Historical Newspapers:** "VOTING RIGHTS BILL PASSED: Congress OKs Civil Rights Voting Bill." *Chicago Defender*, Aug 5, 1965

**Primary Source Collections:** "NAACP voter registration campaign report." *NAACP Papers, Part 04: Voting Rights and the Voting Rights Campaign, 1916–1965*

**Journals:** "The Fiftieth Anniversary of the Voting Rights Act and the "Quiet Revolution." *National Political Science Review*, Vol. 17, Iss. 2, 2015

**Video & Images:** "Lyndon B. Johnson: Civil Rights Address." *Educational Video Group*, March 15, 1965

**Essays:** "American Political Systems and the Response of the Black Community." *Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience*, 2007

**Topic Pages:** Althea T.L. Simmons; Martin Luther King. Jr.

**Magazines and Historical Periodicals:** "Assault on Voting Rights." *The Crisis*, Vol. 110, Iss. 5 (Sep/Oct 2003)

**Timelines:** Civil Rights and Black Power Movements (1946–1975); Contemporary Era (1976–2000s)

Entry for Voting Rights Act of 1965 (top) on Civil Rights and Black Power Movements (1946–1975) Timeline

## FEATURED IN PROQUEST ONE BLACK STUDIES

This essential resource continues to grow with new content and features. Recent additions include:

- **Organizations Topic Pages:** The topic page collection contains additions of 19 featured organizations such as African American Police League (AAPL), Black Lives Matter (BLM), Black Panther Party, NAACP, and Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC).
- **Black Lives Matter (BLM) Movement:** Over 500 articles selected from *The New York Times* on the Black Lives Matter movement were added to support research of this current movement.
- **Black Studies in Video:** 850 videos from Alexander Street Black Studies in Video were added covering African American history, politics, art and culture, family structure, gender relationships, and social and economic issues.
- **Supreme Court Records and Briefs on Race, Racial Discrimination, and Civil Rights:** Selected cases were added such as United States v. Cruikshank (1876), Buchanan v. Warley (1915), Powell v. Alabama (1931), Nixon v. Condon (1931), Brown v. Board of Education (1954), Katzenbach v. McClung (1964), Loving v. Virginia (1967), San Antonio Independent School District v. Rodriguez (1973), Fullilove v. Klutznick (1980), Batson v. Kentucky (1986), and Freeman v. Pitts (1992).
- **Selected items from Alexander Street's Black Thought and Culture:** Content added includes writings, speeches, or oral histories of Carter G. Woodson, Booker T. Washington, James Weldon Johnson, Langston Hughes, Mary Church Terrell, Dorothy Height, Amiri Baraka, Kathleen Cleaver, Bayard Rustin, and others.

**10 MILLION PAGES**

**OVER 8 MILLION RECORDS**

**120 PRIMARY SOURCE COLLECTIONS**

**164 JOURNALS**

**1650-2020 YEARS OF COVERAGE**

**18th and 19th Century Collections on Race, Slavery, & the Abolitionist Movement**  
Slavery Petitions • Plantation Records  
Black Abolitionist Papers

**19th Century Periodicals on Abolitionist Movement**

**JIM CROW ERA • BLACK POWER**  
**CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT**  
**FREEDOM • SLAVERY**  
**VOTING RIGHTS • BLACK LIVES MATTER**  
**COMMUNITY ACTIVISTS**  
**ABOLITIONIST MOVEMENT • CIVIL RIGHTS ACT**  
**NAACP • DISCRIMINATION**

**Major Writings by African American Intellectuals from Alexander Street's Black Thought and Culture**

**20th Century Civil Rights & Black Power Primary Sources**  
NAACP, SCLC, SNCC, CORE Records  
National Association of Colored Women Papers  
White House and Department of Justice Records on Civil Rights

**Historical Black Newspapers**  
Atlanta Daily World • Baltimore Afro-American • Chicago Defender  
Cleveland Call and Post • Los Angeles Sentinel • Michigan Chronicle  
New York Amsterdam News • Norfolk New Journal and Guide  
Philadelphia Tribune • Pittsburgh Courier

**"I love the topic pages that feature people, events, or organizations. These are ideal for asking students to dig deeper and great entry points for paper research."**  
— Ashley D. Farmer, University of Texas, Austin

**Black Studies Center**  
Chicago Defender, 1910–1975 • Schomburg Studies on the Black Experience • Black Studies Periodicals • Black Literature Index

**AWARD WINNING CONTENT**  
**LIBRARY JOURNAL** Best Reference 2014  
**CHOICE** Outstanding Academic Title



## PROQUEST ONE BLACK STUDIES ADVISORY BOARD

ProQuest One Black Studies is developed with consultation from faculty advisors who offer key input on the content and layout of the product to support teaching and learning in Black Studies. Advisory board members are:



**Ashley D. Farmer**

*Associate Professor of African and African Diaspora Studies & History  
University of Texas-Austin*



**Chad Williams**

*Tomorrow Foundation Chair of  
American Intellectual History and  
Professor of African American and  
Black Diaspora at Boston University*



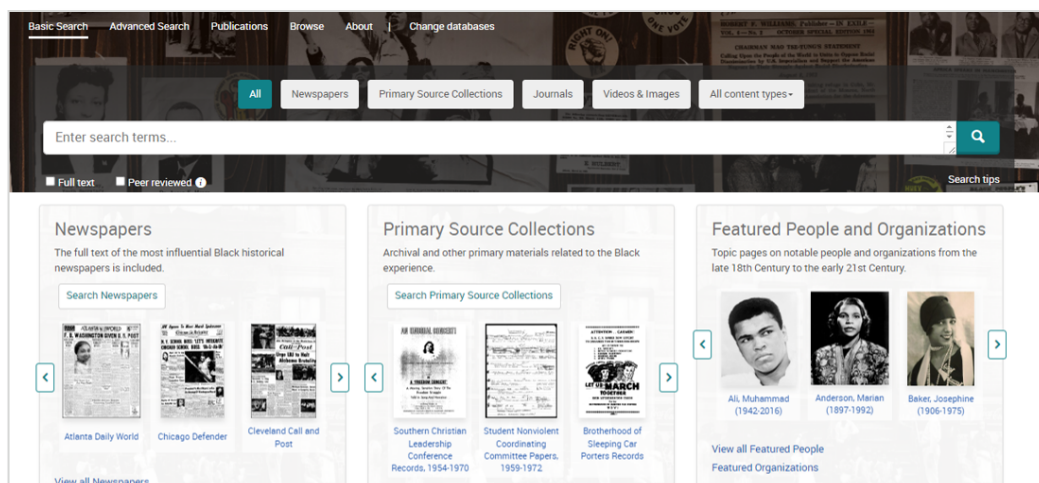
**Crystal Eddins**

*Associate Professor,  
Department of Sociology  
University of Pittsburgh*



**Hasan Kwame Jeffries**

*Associate Professor of History  
The Ohio State University*



*“ProQuest One Black Studies is positioned to become the database of choice for both students and scholars in African American studies. Researchers of all levels will appreciate the database’s powerful search, user-friendly design, and extensive scholarly and archival content.”*

– Michael Rodriguez, Library Journal eReview, June 2022

**ProQuest One Black Studies**  
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